

A UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF
COMMERCE
PUBLICATION




INVENTORY OF FEDERAL TOURISM PROGRAMS

Federal Agencies, Commissions,
Programs Reviewed for Their
Participation in the Development
of Recreation, Travel and Tourism
in the United States

U.S.
DEPARTMENT
OF
COMMERCE
United States
Travel
Service

May 1970



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2012 with funding from
LYRASIS Members and Sloan Foundation

<http://www.archive.org/details/inventoryoffeder00unit>

ABSTRACT

The United States Travel Service, in conjunction with Arthur D. Little, Inc., conducted in December 1969, a study to provide information identifying the major federal agency participants in travel development as well as an indication of the nature and character of their participation.

The study met the objectives by examining eighty-nine programs in ten executive departments and forty-seven programs in thirty-six independent agencies for their activities in the development of recreation, travel and tourism in the United States.

This research is of particular value in that it serves as the first step in identifying the various kinds of government involvement in tourism, and allows the development of joint programs among the various federal organizations. It is hoped that continued attention and effort will be applied in attempting to focus the many currently available services of the Federal Government in accomplishing federal, state and local travel and tourism objectives.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION.....	1
OBJECTIVE.....	1
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS.....	1
DEFINITION OF SCOPE.....	3
TERMINOLOGY.....	3
METHODOLOGY.....	4
NATURAL RESOURCES.....	5
RECREATION.....	6
CITIES	8
HISTORIC ATTRACTIONS.....	10
TRANSPORTATION.....	12
DATA.....	14
TRAVELER SERVICES AND REGULATION.....	15
CULTURAL ATTRACTIONS.....	17
CONCLUSIONS	18
 APPENDIX A - REVIEW OF FEDERAL PROGRAMS.....	 A-1
APPENDIX B - SUMMARY TABLES.....	B-1

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	<u>Page</u>
APPENDIX B - SUMMARY TABLES (Continued).....	B-1
Table 1: Summary of Programs in Executive Departments - by Classification.....	B-1
Table 2: Summary of Programs in Independent Agencies - by Classification.....	B-7
Table 3: Summary of Executive Depart- ments Reviewed for Their Contribution to the Develop- ment of Travel, Tourism and Recreation in the United States...	B-11
Table 4: Summary of Independent Agencies and Commissions Reviewed for Their Contribution to the Development of Travel, Tourism and Recreation in the United States.....	B-12
Table 5: Total Federal Departments, Agencies and Commissions and Their Programs - By Classifi- cation.....	B-13
Table 6: Total Federal Departments, Agencies and Commissions and Programs Reviewed.....	B-14
Table 7: Approximate Ranking of Programs Reviewed by Purpose and Relatedness to Topic Area....	B-14

INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVE

The objective of this study is to provide the United States Travel Service with essential information concerning the major federal agency participants in travel development and the nature and extent of their participation. The study is intended to provide information on the extent to which the Federal Government is a participant in travel, recreation and tourism development.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The analysis supported the hypothesis that there are numerous federal programs involved in varying degrees with tourism and tourism development. Eighty-nine programs in ten executive departments and forty-seven programs in thirty-six independent agencies can be considered as having some bearing on the development of travel, recreation and tourism. Of these, however, a far smaller number have tourism and travel development as their primary focus.

The large proportion of these programs, 102, are related to recreation and conservation; 25 deal with the development of transportation facilities or with their regulation; 38 relate to the development of attractions in cities, including parks, recreation facilities and preservation of historic places. These programs relating to the development or conservation of physical facilities comprise the large proportion of programs identified.

Of programs not related to the development of physical support facilities, 16 programs in eleven departments provide data and 18 programs in nine departments regulate travel, provide information and promote travel. As in the physical development programs noted above, for the most part, aspects of programs relating to tourism development are incidental to the primary purpose of the program.

The analysis of programs relating to travel, tourism and recreation found in this report is intended to provide only an indication of the parameters of the situation. The number of programs which influence tourism development can vary according to the definition of the problem.

In general, it was found that while many federal programs have a high potential for tourism development in the United States, few programs focus directly on this goal. Some are solely concerned with the development of specific attractions or facilities which have tourism potential. Programs directed toward outdoor recreation objectives are far more numerous than programs directed toward developing and measuring urban, historical and cultural attractions. Promotion of existing attractions and development of over-all strategy for tourism development receive relatively little federal program support. In fact, except for the Department of Commerce programs to stimulate travel to the United States, it appears that other federal programs deal primarily with the provision, development, conservation or maintenance of visitor attractions.

The programs reviewed in this report have been categorized into the following eight major areas:

1. Natural resources
2. Recreation
3. Cities
4. Historic areas
5. Transportation
6. Data
7. Travelers
8. Cultural attractions

It should be noted that four of the eight are concerned with physical attractions for visitors and a fifth deals with cultural attractions. The bulk of the programs as well as the majority of spending appear to be related to the provision of visitor attractions.

The following pages indicate the general findings in the eight categories described.

DEFINITION OF SCOPE

For the purposes of this investigation, a broad, inclusive interpretation of the topic, "Development of Travel, Tourism and Recreation" has been adopted. This definition sets a sufficiently broad context enabling a review of a wide selection of programs. Specifically, the definition includes the following:

- The development and conservation of visitor attractions of historic, natural, cultural, or recreational value;
- The management, regulation, and protection of visitor attractions;
- The provision and regulation of the means of access to visitor attractions, and the provision of standard amenities for visitors at these attractions;
- The development of and dissemination of information about the attractions and the transport and amenities which support them; in addition, the development, by promotion, of a larger market for these services and attractions;
- The provision of information and data upon which to base market and investment strategy;
- Regulations and restrictions to which individual visitors are subject;
- Those actions which foster development of cultural attractions;
- Coordination and development of policy with respect to the above in relation to the tourism industry.

TERMINOLOGY

The terminology used to classify the 136 programs reviewed includes Natural Resources (N.R.), Recreation (REC.), Cities (CITY), Historic Attractions (HIST.), Transportation (TRANS.), Data (DATA), Traveler Services and Regulations (TRAV.), and Cultural Attractions (CULT.).

Visitor Attractions - Programs in this category are classified as follows: Natural Resources, Recreation, Cities, Historic Attractions, and Cultural Attractions.

Programs included are those designed to aid in the development of visitor attractions, to increase their attractiveness to visitors and to stimulate and facilitate the establishment of cultural attractions. Also included are those programs whose policies affect efforts to create and preserve visitor attractions.

Transportation - Included in this category are programs which have both policy and development roles in the provision of access to visitor attractions, as well as programs which have a regulatory and policy role with respect to national and international transportation.

Data - Programs which supply market data for the tourist and travel industry are included here.

Traveler Services and Regulation. Programs which affect the regulation of facilitation of the traveler's entry into the United States, and which stimulate his interest through promotion or information dissemination are included in this category.

METHODOLOGY

The federal programs reviewed were divided into two groups: Executive Departments and Independent Agencies. Each program was analyzed and described as to its nature and purpose with the appropriate legislation noted when available.

Every program was categorized in terms of its primary focus. The categories were reviewed in terms of each agency or department, and of total participation in each category. Additionally, each program was classified and ranked according to its nature and estimated direct relatedness to the general topic area. Those programs in the high-relevance and low-relevance groups were further analyzed. Where available, information on the financial resources and outlays of the programs was related to rank and category of prime focus.

The nature and character of participation of the major programs in the development of tourism, travel and recreation in the United States is discussed briefly in eight categories of focus. A summary description of the conclusions is presented. Charts and tables are presented in the Appendix.

NATURAL RESOURCES

Federal programs designed to conserve natural resources indirectly affect tourism development by providing opportunities for outdoor recreation areas and helping to facilitate income-producing recreation enterprises. To the extent these recreation areas are developed and used, natural resources represent major visitor attractions. Recognizing this relationship, federal programs for national resources frequently are involved in the cooperative development of recreation resources. Coordination of natural resources and tourism policies is especially significant in view of the estimated \$3.7 billion spent on natural resources programs in 1970.

Thirty-four programs in six executive departments were reviewed in this category, thirteen each in the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Interior and five in the Department of Defense. Many of these were found to have only marginal relevance to tourism, travel and recreation development. However, they are significant in terms of their policy implications and the pervasiveness of their jurisdictional area and financial resources.

Sixteen programs in eight independent agencies and commissions were also reviewed. The Advisory Board on National Parks, the Citizens Advisory Commission on Environmental Quality and the Environmental Quality Council are significant because the breadth and scope of their charters enables them to make broad policy recommendations affecting over-all tourism development.

SUMMARY

The role of natural resource programs is limited primarily to providing outdoor visitor attractions. The rather large financial resources and broad scope of these programs, however, gives the policy direction of the programs added significance for development of tourism and travel industries.

RECREATION

A large proportion of the programs reviewed are related to recreation, especially outdoor recreation. Thirty-six programs in seven executive departments and sixteen programs in fourteen independent agencies and commissions were reviewed. Many of these are part of the broader natural resources conservation programs. Programs in the Departments of Agriculture, Interior, and Defense, primarily non-urban, outdoor recreation programs, account for twenty-six out of a total of thirty-six programs.

Recreation-related programs in the Department of Agriculture relate predominantly to the conversion of cropland to other uses and to recreation development as a component of conservation. An example is the Farmers Home Administration program. From 1963 to 1969, loans to associations for recreation projects totaled more than \$102 million. In 1968 alone, the amount was \$23.9 million. Under the same Farmers Home Administration program, farm ownership and operation loans for individual recreation purposes totaled approximately \$7.5 million. Of the total Farm Home Administration budget, about 1.7% was allocated for recreation. It is difficult to assess the impact of the program on travel. As a well-funded broad scope component of a coordinated program, however, it appears to have potential significance. This observation is similarly true for the Department of the Interior and the Army Corps of Engineers programs to assist outdoor recreation. The Army Corps of Engineers annually spends approximately \$25 million for construction in areas concerning recreation, fish and wildlife with an average additional \$6 million for maintenance.

The outdoor recreation facilities maintained and developed by these departments attract millions each year and include in their jurisdictions the best known national tourist attractions. In 1968, the facilities at 300 reservoirs run by the Corps of Engineers were used by 227 million visitors.

Among the independent agencies, the regional development commissions are significant. They specify tourism development as one of their recognized means of developing the economies of regions. Given the expressed goal of economic development, these regional programs can deal comprehensively with recreation development and plan for the infrastructure to maximize the economic benefits of an enterprise.

SUMMARY

In summary, federal programs to assist recreation are significant for tourism development because of their broad scope and coverage. In many of these programs, recreation is a side benefit from natural resource programs and is limited to non-urban, outdoor recreation facilities. By contrast, regional economic development commissions include recreation development as a means of developing regional tourism industries. As a category, recreation development programs through their policy development have a high potential for affecting the development of tourism and travel in the United States.

CITIES

Cities are visitor attractions throughout the world. This fact is no less true in the United States. No federal program, however, is concerned specifically with the development of tourism potential of cities or of their various visitor attractions.

A number of programs in several agencies do exist which have some effect on the ability of cities to participate in tourism development. Development and re-development policies of the Department of Housing and Urban Development clearly affect the tourist services and facilities. The 701 program, Comprehensive Planning Assistance, provides matching grants to areas for planning activities such as land use, transportation, water and sewers, open space and recreation, housing and community development and renewal.

Assets that make a city attractive for visitors may be improved under the following programs: Public Works Planning, Open Space Land, Supplementary Grants for Planned Metropolitan Development Urban Beautification and Urban Renewal. The Urban Mass Transportation and Demonstration Grant programs can affect the visitor potential of a city by providing access to visitor areas and coordinated development of station areas. A city with a developable waterfront, for example, which does not provide public transportation access to it, affects its future use significantly. Historic Preservation Grants and other programs to aid areas of historic interest can also significantly increase a city's interest for visitors.

In the Department of Commerce, the Economic Development Administration program has the potential to assist in some aspects of tourism development. In practice, however, other kinds of economic development have taken precedence over tourism.

In addition to these selected programs, any number of programs affecting cities can, by policy direction, give impetus to tourism development. Such emphasis is rare because housing and other industrial development generally have been given priority.

SUMMARY

Several programs permit consideration of tourism development and visitor attractions as part of some broader program. With a reassessment in their specific goal priorities, these programs could influence tourism development greatly.

HISTORIC ATTRACTIONS

Historic preservation programs include those programs designed to provide, conserve or improve visitor attractions. Since travel to areas of historic interest account for a sizable proportion of tourist travel, programs aiding in these areas were reviewed.

Two executive agencies have historic preservation programs which can contribute to tourism development by preserving areas of historic interest from obscurity and decay. While some effort has been directed toward this goal, budgets for the task are generally low and departmental priorities are usually allocated elsewhere. The economic value of historic areas development is unclear and the intrinsic, qualitative value of historic preservation is generally more difficult to establish than the value of housing, transportation and employment programs.

In the Department of Housing and Urban Development, historic preservation appears to have high tourism development potential. To date, however, many have a low level of funding and priorities are set in other areas. One of the programs, Historic Preservation Grants, has an annual budget of \$1 million for all projects, covering the entire country. This amount for irreplaceable, scarce, cultural and economic resources is remarkably low in contrast to the billions spent on natural resources.

The Department of the Interior, National Park Service, operates three programs related to historic preservation. Grants are (1) for comprehensive statewide historic surveys; (2) for preservation and public benefit of districts, sites, buildings, structures and objects significant in American archaeology or culture and (3) for assistance in the acquisition and development of historic sites. Information on historic American buildings and technical direction for historic surveys is provided through the historic American Buildings Survey.

Technical and advisory assistance in the Park Planning Technical Assistance program may include historical and archaeological projects. Interior's Bureau of Land Management may provide land to be used as historic sites.

SUMMARY

While not directly related to tourism, travel and recreation development, the programs reviewed here clearly have significant potential for the development of tourist attractions. In contrast to programs in other categories, particularly outdoor recreation, relatively little money is allocated to these programs.

TRANSPORTATION

The general topic area of transportation and the development of tourism in the United States can be subdivided into (a) provision of access to tourist attractions, (b) regulation of rates to provide travel incentives, (c) policy development and coordination of transportation goals with tourism-related goals.

While the policies and actions of a number of federal agency programs in this category affect tourism development, the majority of these agency programs do not deal primarily with tourism development.

A strongly developed policy, if adopted by these agencies, could significantly coordinate and strengthen their impact on tourism and travel development. In highway development, for example, explicit policy is already directed toward enhancement and protection of tourism-related facilities, namely, parks, recreation areas and areas of historic and cultural value.

In practice, however, particularly in urban areas, proposed highway locations are often in conflict with the development of recreation areas along rivers and waterfronts, parks, historic sites--areas which have a high potential for tourism development.

The program for Economics and Systems Analysis provides information and study grants on the economic, social and related impacts of transportation improvements. The Urban System and Environment program is intended to coordinate the policies, programs and resources of the Department's urban transport program. The Environmental Impact program provides information on environmental impacts of transportation improvements. The Office of Policy and International Affairs formulates and reviews national and international transportation policies, objectives and systems. These four programs have the potential to increase the contribution of transportation to tourism development.

The regulatory agencies directly affect the development of inbound tourism by the country's competitive position with respect to cost and convenience of travel. These regulatory programs are found in executive departments and in several independent agencies or commissions.

SUMMARY

The transportation programs reviewed have significance for travel, tourism and recreation development. As a program goal, such development does not appear to be explicitly stated except in the case of the regulatory agencies. Nevertheless, the high budget authority of transportation development and the national and international character of its scope, places it high in importance to tourism development.

DATA

Travel marketing data used by the tourist and travel industry are compiled by at least six executive departments and four independent agencies and commissions. The Department of Commerce supplies information on world economic and trade conditions, travel and tourist expenditures in the U.S.A. and abroad. The United States Travel Service, within the Department of Commerce, provides specific travel market data to the industry through its various research studies and programs. Inland lakes and waterways data are supplied by the Department of Commerce; water resources and related development data are supplied by the Army Corps of Engineers. The National Park Service, Department of the Interior, provides statistics on the number of visits to historic sites, monuments, and national parks which serve as an indicator of the volume of domestic travel. Justice Department supplies statistics on numbers of non-immigrants entering and leaving the country as well as figures on U. S. citizen departures. The State Department provides information based on visas and exit permits to aliens and on passport applications of U. S. citizens.

The Bureau of Public Roads provides annual data on travel, mileage and motor vehicles. The Office of Policy and International Affairs of the Department of Transportation is responsible for programs to establish comprehensive transportation data and information systems. The Internal Revenue Service of the Treasury Department provides annual statistics on income and advertising expenditures for the transportation industry. Travel data are also supplied by the Civil Aeronautics Board and the Federal Maritime Commission.

SUMMARY

While the most comprehensive information is provided by the Department of Commerce, many different agencies and departments supply travel marketing data. However, no single agency has the responsibility to coordinate all the data inputs, assess priorities for additional needs, and establish an over-all information system.

TRAVELERS SERVICES AND REGULATION

Traveler services and regulation include those programs which affect the individual traveler by regulating or facilitating his entry into the country or stimulating his interest through promotion or information.

Within the Department of Commerce, the United States Travel Service operates seven regional offices abroad to serve as centers for answering trade and public inquiries on U. S. travel. The Service also develops and implements programs to stimulate and encourage travel to the United States by residents of foreign countries, and works with the domestic travel industry and with U. S. communities for improving the reception services and host facilities given to foreign visitors. Three other Department of Commerce programs inform the overseas public through trade fairs and participation in international expositions, but have only an indirect effect on the dissemination of travel information.

The Department of the Interior through the National Park Service promotes domestic tourist attractions by disseminating travel information in the form of brochures, pamphlets, film clips. The State Department administers several programs which affect individual travelers in addition to administering cultural exchange programs. Through the Department's Passport Office, it controls the travel of American citizens and nationals leaving and entering territory under U. S. jurisdiction. The Visa Office issues visas and exit permits to aliens. The Department of Justice administers immigration and naturalization laws as well as the Equal Enjoyment of Public Accommodations program, designed to insure the right of all persons to have equal access to restaurants, hotels, motels and places of exhibition or entertainment.

The United States Information Agency, although its primary goal is quite different, indirectly provides information and engenders interest in travel to the United States among foreigners. As is the case with many of the programs reviewed, its extensive effect rather than specific focus on travel-related activity renders it significant. Other programs which administer visitor attractions such as outdoor recreation facilities provide information on their facilities to the general public.

SUMMARY

Although information services are available to the traveler abroad, among the programs reviewed, none is identified which offers a comprehensive service to both the foreign and U. S. traveler in the United States. While some of these activities are participated in by some agencies, jurisdictional areas are limited. Oftentimes, even these limited services are not always apparent to the average traveler.

CULTURAL ATTRACTIONS

Cultural attractions are the basis of many major tourist programs. Music festivals, theatre, sound and light programs, celebrations, commemorations of historic events, and even sports events are major visitor attractions. Millions of tourists attend these events every year and in many instances plan their yearly vacations around them. Throughout Europe, numerous examples can be cited. However, the use of cultural attractions to stimulate travel and tourism is less known in the United States, despite the many innovations which have occurred within the past decade.

Several federal programs do foster cultural activity, although the impact on tourism development may be somewhat indirect. These include the United States Advisory Commission on International Educational and Cultural Affairs, the National Review Board for the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange between East and West, the Interagency Committee on International Education and Cultural Affairs, the Advisory Committee on the Arts, the Interagency Committee on International Athletics, the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities, the Smithsonian Institution and two boards to promote Indian culture, the Indian Arts and Crafts Board, the National Council on Indian Opportunity and the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission.

The resources for development of cultural attractions receive little public support or encouragement, despite the fact that they have a high potential to stimulate travel in a comprehensive manner.

SUMMARY

The performing arts and other cultural attractions are fostered by several independent federal entities. They are, however, not coordinated in a comprehensive manner so as to significantly affect tourism development. Such coordination is needed before they can significantly affect tourism development.

CONCLUSIONS

While few existing federal programs have resources allocated specifically for tourism development, many are important to its success. Programs in the Department of Commerce perform a variety of related functions for the development of tourism and travel. The United States Travel Service provides services to promote the travel of foreign visitors to the United States. The Economic Development Administration provides assistance and aid to selected localities for tourism development. Other bureaus such as the Office of Field Services, which maintains contact with local business communities to promote trade, have potential to perform related functions. The Bureau of the Census and the Office of Business Economics provide basic information. The Department of the Interior and the Department of Defense both manage and promote development of vast outdoor recreation facilities. Programs in the Departments of Justice and State are both regulatory and data producing.

Further review would doubtless reveal still more programs related in various degrees to tourism development. With the recent emphasis on tourism development, in any given month, several programs may have their scope increased to include tourism as a component of economic development, recreation, development, environmental improvement and conservation, even education. However, the central issue of comprehensive, coordinated policy development and program design would still remain unsolved.

The key issue appears to be less that of the proliferation of programs and more that of a need for coordinated, well-developed national policy on tourism development. The issues to be dealt with are broad issues, such as the closing of the so-called "travel gap"--the difference between what U. S. tourists spend abroad and what foreign visitors spend in the United States. A program to

increase travel by U. S. citizens within the U. S. could also have a significant economic impact. U. S. spending for travel abroad total \$4.7 billion (1968), while receipts from foreign visitors total \$2 billion. To make U. S. travel more competitive with foreign travel for both Americans and overseas visitors, new facilities or services to travelers may be required.

Federal programs, including the less-directly related programs, will play an increasingly significant rôle in tourism development, particularly in view of the anticipated increase in the magnitude of tourist travel.

Residents of all countries will be spending more on travel per capita, per year, per trip and per travel day. The expected growth rate in travel demand will be at least twice the growth rate of the population of many market areas. Between now and the end of the century, the total number of trips taken is expected to increase to at least two and one-half times its present level.

The impact of these changes will be felt in many destination areas. Employment opportunities created by the U. S. travel-serving industry, which already exceed the equivalent of five million year-round jobs, will increase. Not every destination area or travel-serving business will benefit; some will fail to realize their maximum attainable potential. Success will occur where individual destinations and businesses take action to adapt to changes in tourism and to better serve the traveling public.

Balanced development among all facets of the travel industry is needed to realize total potential. The most successful way for a visitor industry to expand profitably is to make certain the facilities for visitors--hotels, restaurants, airports, planes, taxis, and so forth--move forward in balance with the number of visitors arriving.

The concept of balance applies to the entire tourism industry. This balance can be achieved only if adequate time is allowed for planning, financing and constructing facilities. Postponement of planning can mean future loss in business and employment opportunities. Increasingly, tourism is being recognized and discussed as economic development and as a means of improving the balance of payments situation. Actions are being proposed based on these factors. To deal with these national policy implications and comprehensive, inter-related issues, a coordinated national approach to tourism development is required.

Thus, the implications are as follows: All those federal programs affecting the infrastructure of tourism affect the nation's ability to realize the maximum attainable potential of its travel-serving industry. To be able to achieve increased returns in the form of investment and employment as well as social benefits from tourism in the United States during the 1970's and 1980's, research and planning must be done now.

Consideration of a coordinated approach is especially timely in view of the short time remaining before the United States celebrates her bicentenary. Cities and towns across the country will be staging bicentennial festivals in 1976 and those cities claiming a role in the Revolutionary War will play host to millions of tourists. Given the scale and importance of the occasion, hundreds of millions of dollars in trade and tourism could be lost through inadequate preparation.

As no comprehensive program currently exists for this scale of policy development, planning and research, the need to establish a program is evident.

Within the framework of such a program, the nature and character of current federal programs relating to tourism development should be evaluated in more detail than has been undertaken in this report. These evaluations, within such a framework, could lead directly to resolution of policy issues, and become the basis of coordinated federal travel programs.

APPENDIX A

REVIEW OF FEDERAL PROGRAMS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Agricultural Conservation Program	Soil Conservation and Domestic Act as amended, P.L. 74-46; 49 STAT 163; 16USC 590d, 590g-590q Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 as amended, Section 387; 7USC 1387; 52 STAT 31, Section 501-19; 7USC 1501-19.	Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service	Provide cost-share help to farmers with soil, water, woodland and wildlife conservation on farmland now in agricultural use.	X							
Cooperative Agriculture and Forestry Research Program	P.L. 84-352; 69 STAT 671; 7USC 361a, 361i, P.L. 85-934; 72 STAT 1793; 42USC 1891-93. P.L. 87-788; 76 STAT 806; 16USC 582a-7. P.L. 88-74; 77 STAT 90; 7USC 390-390K. P.L. 89-4; 79 STAT 17; P.L. 89-106; 79 STAT 431.	Cooperative State Research Service	Provide grant-in-aid to states for research in conservation, development and use of natural resources; protection of plants and animals.	X							
Cooperative Extension Service Educational Assistance		Local County extension agent or Outdoor Recreation Specialist	Provides educational assistance and advice to persons interested in developing recreation enterprises and programs.		X						

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Reg.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Cropland Adjustment Program	P.L. 89-321; 16 USC 590h	Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service	Gives adjusted payments to help farmers divert cropland to other uses, including recreation, and gives financial assistance to city, state or county governments to preserve natural beauty and develop wildlife and recreation, and prevent air and water pollution.	X	X						
Cropland Conversion Program		County Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (ASCS) Office or Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture	Authorized to enter long-term agreements with farmers to convert cropland to recreational and other conservation projects. Helps farmers with conversion costs. This pilot program provides valuable information and experience in adjustment programs for broad public benefits.	X	X						
Farm Ownership Loans	Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961; P.L. 87-128; 75 STAT 294; 7 USC 1013a, 1921 et. seq. (Supp. IV)	Farmers Home Administration Department of Agriculture	Loans money to farmers who want to establish recreational enterprises to supplement farm income.	X							

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Financial Assistance to Small Towns and Rural Groups	Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961; P.L. 87-128 as amended by P.L. 89-240; 79 STAT 931; 75 STAT 307; 7USC 1013a, 1921-1929, 1941-1946, 1961-1967, 1981-1990 (Supp. IV) Food and Agriculture Act of 1962; P.L. 87-703; 76 STAT 605; 7 USC 608c, et. al.	Farmers Home Administration	Makes loans and grants to establish facilities; shift land use to grazing, wildlife and recreation areas and forests.	X	X						
Forest Research	Forest Products Act; P.L. 70-466; 45 STAT 699; P.L. 85-934; 72 STAT 1793.	U. S. Forest Service, Department of Agriculture	Gives grants for forest research.	X							
Forest Service Cooperative State and Private Programs	36 STAT 961-963; 43 STAT 653; 45 STAT 699; 54 STAT 168; 58 STAT 736, 741; 61 STAT 177; 64 STAT 473; 68 STAT 666; 76 STAT 604-610; 70 STAT 207	U. S. Forest Service, Department of Agriculture	Provides financial aid, and assistance for the protection, management and development of state, local, and privately owned forest lands.	X							

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Land Stabilization, Conservation and Erosion Control in Appalachia	Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965; P.L. 89-4; 79 STAT 5; 40 USC Appendix A 203 (1965)	Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture	Provide financial and technical assistance for the development of soil, water, woodland and wildlife; and recreation resources.	X							
Loans for Forestry Purposes	Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961; P.L. 87-128 75 STAT 294; 7 USC 1013a, 1921 et. seq. (Supp. IV)	Farmers Home Administration Department of Agriculture	Provide loans to farmers to be used for cleaning and preparing land for the planting, pest control and other forestry purposes.	X							
Loans for Recreation Purposes	Food and Agriculture Act of 1962; P.L. 87-703; 76 STAT 605; 7 USC 608 et. al. Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961; P.L. 87-128; 75 STAT 924; 7 USC 1013a, 1921, et. seq. (Supp. IV)	Farmers Home Administration Department of Agriculture	Provides loans for recreation enterprises (such as camping grounds, lodges and rooms for visitors, picnic grounds) to farmers who wish to supplement their farm income.	X X							
Multiple-Purpose Watershed Projects	Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act; P.L. 83-566; P.L. 89-337; P.L. 89-4, Section 417; P.L. 87-703; 76 STAT 608, 609; 16 USC 1004, 1005 (Supp. V)	Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture	Provides technical and financial assistance in a watershed project area for public recreation.	X X							

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Payments to States with National Forests	Act of May 23, 1908, 35 STAT 260, and Section 13 of the Act of March 1, 1911, 36 STAT 961, as amended by acts of June 30, 1914, 38 STAT 441; Sept. 21, 1944, 58 STAT 737 and April 24, 1950, 64 STAT 87, 16 USC 500	U. S. Forest Service Department of Agriculture	Gives annual payments to states in which national forests are located. These funds are to be used for public schools and roads.	X							
Resource Conservation and Development Projects	Food and Agriculture Act of 1962; P.L. 87-703; 76 STAT 607; 7USC 1010, 1011 (Supp. V) 1959-1963	Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture	Provide financial assistance, technical and loan assistance to develop alternate uses of land and water resources in open spaces, and developing outdoor recreation enterprises.	X	X						
Rural Renewal Loans	Same as above. Plus Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act; P.L. 75-210; 50 STAT 525; 7USC 1010-1012 (1940), P.L. 89-796	Farmers Home Administration Department of Agriculture	Provides loans in low-income areas to help stimulate the economy, including loans to develop recreational facilities.		X						

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Iran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Bureau of International Commerce		Bureau of International Commerce	Provides information and advisory service to business, the general public, and the Government regarding economic and trade conditions in all parts of the world.						X		
Census Data	P.L. 83-740; 68 STAT 1012; 13 USC 6 (1964) as amended	Director, Bureau of Census	Provides information of the characteristics of U. S. citizens traveling at home, their destination and modes of travel.						X		
Contributions, education and cultural exchange (Trust Fund)		See "International Activities"	Exhibit American products.							X	
Development of Ports	Section 8, Merchant Marine Act, 1920 as amended, 141 STAT 992	Department of Commerce - Maritime Administration, Office of Maritime Promotion	Promote projects to reduce port costs.					X			
Grants and Loans for Public Works and Development Facilities	Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965; P.L. 89-136; 76 STAT 552	Economic Development Administration	Provides grants in redevelopment areas for public tourism facilities.	X		X					

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
International Activities		International Activities	Trade centers, etc.							X	
Nautical Charts and Related Data	P.L. 80-373; 61 STAT 787; 33 USC 883a	Environmental Science Services Administration (ESSA) Coast and Geodetic Survey Washington Science Center.	Assists in preparing nautical charts of inland lakes and waterways for recreational boating purposes.		X			X	X		
Office of Business Economics		Office of Business Economics	Prepares estimates on international travel and provides data on expenditures by U.S. citizens and receipts from foreign visitors.						X		
Office of Field Services		Office of Field Services	Provides 42 field offices which serve as local points of contact with the business community in implementing commerce trade promotion and domestic marketing programs (could include tourism promotion).							X	
Overseas Travel Information Offices	International Travel Act of 1961, 75 STAT 129	U. S. Travel Service	Serves as centers for answering public and trade inquiries on U. S. travel and as headquarters for other promotional activities.							X	

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Participation in U. S. Exposition (Inter-American Cultural and Trade Center)									X		
Promotion of International Travel	International Travel Act of 1961, 75 Stat. 129	United States Travel Service	Develops, plans and carries out programs to stimulate and encourage travel to the United States by residents of foreign countries. Conducts research programs in the support of promotional activities and provides international market information to industry. Works with the domestic travel industry and with U. S. communities for improving the reception service and hospitality given to foreign visitors.						X		
Technical and Advisory Services	Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965; P. L. 89-136; 76 Stat. 552	Economic Development Administration	Provides technical assistance and grants-in-aid for recreation tourism potential studies for state and local governments.	X							

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Beach Erosion Control	Act of July 28, 1956; P.L. 84-826 as amended River and Harbor Act of October 23, 1962; P.L. 87-874	Director of Civil Works, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army	Either a grant-in-aid or direct Federal development program that helps prevent damage to publicly owned or used beaches and shores from wave and current action.	X	X						
Community Economic Adjustment Program	Department of Defense Directive 5410.12	Office of Economic Adjustment OASD (I and L), Department of Defense	Assists communities adversely affected by the closing of defense installations and uses surplus Federal property to develop recreational activities.		X						
Limited Water Resources Development Projects	P.L. 80-858, Sec. 205 as amended P.L. 86-645, Sec. 107 as amended P.L. 87-874, Sec. 103 as amended, P.L. 75-406, Sec. 3 as amended. P.L. 79-526, Sec. 14	Director of Civil Works, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army	Undertakes flood control, navigation, and beach erosion control projects of limited scope.	X							
Military Support of Community Projects	P.L. 84-46; P.L. 84-446; 42 USC 1855-1855g	Commander of the Installation	Military installations help the local community in mutual projects including recreational and beautification.		X						
Navigation in Rivers and Harbors	Rivers and Harbors Act beginning in 1824	Director of Civil Works, Office of the Chief of Engineers Department of the Army	Improves navigation facilities allocated to recreational boatings, or rivers and in harbors.	X	X			X			

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Recreation Facilities at Federal Water Resource Projects	Flood Control Act of 1944, Sec. 4 as amended; P.L. 87-874; P.L. 78-534. Federal Water Project Recreation Act of 1965; P.L. 89-72	Director of Civil Works, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army	Develops recreation areas at Federally constructed water resource projects.	X	X						
Surplus Federal Equipment for Playground and Recreational Purposes		Davis Montham Air Force Base; Rock Island Arsenal; Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Department of the Navy	Provides a wide range of surplus equipment from clubhouses to surplus airplanes at no charge.	X							
Water Resources Investigation	P.L. 74-78 as amended; P.L. 89-80	Director of Civil Works, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army	Provides survey investigations and comprehensive studies to determine the best development of water and related land resources.	X	X				X		

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Air Pollution Control	Clean Air Act of 1963; P.L. 88-206 as amended; P.L. 89-272; 42 USC 1857-1857L; P.L. 88-675; 80 STAT 954	National Center for Air Pollution Control, Public Health Service	Promotes control of air pollution through research, training, technical assistance and grant-in-aid.	X							
Development of Recreation Facilities and Equipment (Recreation)	P.L. 81-874	Regional Representative	Provides for development of recreation facilities by local school districts.		X						
Office of Education		Office of Education	Recognizes interrelationship of education and recreation, providing services and resources appropriate to both fields. Provided particularly for school programs, including consultative and financial assistance, publications, studies and research.		X						

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Advance for Public Works Planning	40 USC 46k, Housing Act of 1964, Sec. 702 as amended, P.L. 83-560, 68 STAT 590, 641	Office of Metropolitan Development	Provides interest-free advances for preliminary studies and preparations for constructing public facilities, including parks, recreation, conservation, historic or cultural projects.		X	X	X				
Comprehensive Planning Assistance	40 USC 461, Housing Act of 1964, Sec. 701 as amended, P.L. 83-360, 68 STAT 590, 640	Office of Metropolitan Development				X					
Historic Preservation Grants	Housing Act of 1961; P.L. 87-70; 75 STAT 149 as amended, 42 USCA 1500d-1	Department of Housing and Urban Development	Provides grants for the acquisition, restoration and improvement of historic sites or structures for public use.		X	X					
Open Space Land	Housing Act of 1961; P.L. 87-70; 75 STAT 183; 42 USC 1500-1500e (1964) as amended 42 USC 1500e (Supp. I, 1965) as amended, 42 USCA 1500-1500d	Same as above.	Provides funds for acquiring, developing, and preserving open space land, which may be used for paths, walks, basic sanitary facilities and landscaping.		X	X	X				

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Supplementary Grants for Planned Metropolitan Development	Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act of 1966, Title II, P.L. 89-754; 80 STAT 1255; 42 USCA 3331-3339	Office of Inter-governmental Relations and Urban Program Coordination, Department of Housing and Urban Development	Provides additional funds for airport development, acquisition and development of open space land, urban beautification and historic preservation.		X	X	X	X			
Urban Beautification	Housing Act of 1961; P.L. 87-70; 75 STAT 183 as amended; 42 USCA 1500e-2	Department of Housing and Urban Development	Provides grants for park development, landscaping, paths and walks facilities for outdoor exhibits.	X	X						
Urban Mass Transportation	Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964; P.L. 88-365; 75 STAT 302; 49 USC 1601	Urban Transportation Administration Office of the Assistant Secretary for Metropolitan Development	Provides grants and loans to help develop and improve mass transportation systems in urban areas.	X	X			X			
Urban Mass Transportation Demonstration Grants	Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 as amended; P.L. 88-365; 78 STAT 302	Urban Transportation Administration	Provides grants to help test new ideas and methods for improving mass transportation.		X			X			
Urban Renewal Projects	Housing Act of 1949; P.L. 81-171; 68 STAT 414 as amended; 42 USC 1450-1465 (1964) as amended; 42 USC 1451-1466 (Supp. I, 1965) as amended; 42 USCA 1453-1463	Renewal Assistance Administration	Provides grants in urban areas that can be used for preservation of historic structures, acquisition of land for recreation-associated uses; development of public facilities including recreation and parks.		X	X					

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
American Indian - Construction of Reservation Roads and Bridges	Act of May 26, 1928; 45 STAT 750; 72 STAT 885	Bureau of Indian Affairs	Provides planning construction and repairs of roads and bridges that are located on an Indian reservation or provides access to a reservation or Indian land.					X			
Anadromous Fish Management	Anadromous Fish Act of 1965, 16 USC 757a-8	Bureau of Commercial Fisheries	Improves the sport fisheries which are supported by stocks of anadromous fish.	X	X						
Animal Damage Control	Control of Injurious Wildlife; P.L. 71-7 66; 46 STAT 1468; 7 USC 426. P.L. 79-732; 60 STAT 1080; 16 USC 661 (1946). P.L. 85-624; 72 STAT 563; 16 USC 661, <u>et. seq.</u> (1958)	Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife	Provides information and technical assistance for the control of damage caused by wild animals to forest plantings and recreational areas.	X	X						
Appalachian Region - Mining Area Restoration	40 USC Appendix A, 205 (1965) Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965; P.L. 89-4; 79 STAT 13	Bureau of Mines of Appalachian Regional Commission	Reclamation of mining areas expansion and acceleration of fish and wildlife restoration in the Appalachian region.	X							
Farm Fish Pond Management	Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1934; STAT 401; 16 USC 661-666c as amended	Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife	Supplies fish to ponds and tanks for the purpose of providing recreational fishing and stimulating tourist activity and interest.	X	X						

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Historic American Buildings Survey	16 USC 463, Historic Sites Act of August 21, 1935	National Park Service	Provides technical direction for recording and documenting historic buildings. Provides information on historic buildings.				X				
Historic Preservation	16 USC 470, P.L. 89-665 of October 15, 1966, 80 Stat. 915	National Park Service	Provides grants for comprehensive statewide historic surveys and plans for the preservation, for public benefit of districts, sites, buildings, structures and objects significant in American archaeology or culture; includes assistance in acquisition and development.			X	X				
National Park Service	16 USC 17, Park, Parkway and Recreation Area Study Act of June 23, 1936, 49 Stat. 1894; Act of July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 773)	National Park Service	Administers national parks, monuments & recreation areas and provides assistance to states in the management and operation of public park and recreation area facilities. Develops, plans and carries out programs to stimulate domestic U. S. travel.	X	X				XX		
Outdoor Recreation Financial Assistance	Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965; P. L. 88-578; 78 Stat. 879; 16 USC 460 D, 460 L-4 to 460L-11 (1964); 23 USC 120 note (1964)	Bureau of Outdoor Recreation	Provides financial assistance to states for planning, acquiring, and developing outdoor recreation areas and facilities.	X	X						

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Iran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Outdoor Recreation Technical Assistance	P.L. 88-29; 77 STAT 49; 16 USC 460 L-1 to 460 L-3 (Supp. V) 1959-63	Bureau of Outdoor Recreation	Provides technical assistance to states on outdoor recreation- al matters and nontechnical guides to help shape outdoor recreation decisions.	X	X						
Park Planning Technical Assistance	16 USC 17, Park, Parkway and Recreation Area Study Act of June 23, 1936, 49 STAT 1894	National Park Service, Regional Directors	Provides technical and advisory assistance on a programmed basis to governmental units, includes personnel training, historical and archeological programs, general development planning.	X	X		X				
Real Property for Public Parks, Public Recreational Areas, and Public Purposes	Recreation Act of 1926; P.L. 69-386; 44 STAT 741; 43 USC 869 (1940). P.L. 83-387, June 4, 1954; 68 STAT 173; 43 USC 869 to 869-3 (Supp. V) 1952	Bureau of Land Management	Provides for lease or transfer of land for use as a public park, public recreation area or similar purposes.	X	X						
Real Property for Residential, Commercial, Agricultural, Industrial or Public Uses or Development	Public Sale Act of 1964; P.L. 88-608; 78 STAT 988	Bureau of Land Management	Provides land that may be used for historic sites, outdoor recreation, etc.		X		X				

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Solid Waste Disposal	Solid Waste Disposal Act; P.L. 87-272; 79 STAT 997	Bureau of Mines	Develops methods capable of commercially utilizing solid wastes and thereby eliminating scenic blights.	X							
Sport Fish Management	Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1934; 48 STAT 401; 16 USC 661-666c as amended	Division of Fishery Management Services, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife	Provides technical assistance to state conservation agencies and Indian tribes in management of freshwater lakes, ponds, tanks and streams for sport fishing.	X	X						
Water Pollution Control	Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended, 33 USC 466, et. seq.	Federal Water Pollution Control Administration	Assists state and interstate agencies financially in the prevention and control of water pollution; provides grants to develop new and improved methods for the prevention and control of water pollution; provides grants to help agencies, institutions and individuals in the control and prevention of water pollution; provides grants to accelerate local programs of waste treatment works construction.	X							
Water Resources Investigation and Small Reclamation Project Loans	P.L. 984; 84th Congress; 70 STAT 1044 as amended	Bureau of Reclamation	Provides loans which may be used for wildlife conservation and recreation.	X	X						

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Wildlife Management	Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1934; 48 STAT 401; 16 USC 661-666c as amended	Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife Division of Wildlife Services	Gives information and technical assistance to Indian tribes to improve conditions for the management of wildlife resources	X							

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Equal Enjoyment of Public Accommodations	Civil Rights Act of 1964; P.L. 88-352, Title II; 78 STAT 243; 42 USC 2000(a)	Office of the Attorney General	Gives all persons the right to equal access, regardless of race, color, or national origin to restaurants, hotels and motels, and places of exhibition or entertainment.						X	X	
Immigration and Naturalization Service			Administers immigration and naturalization laws, and pro- vides basic data on numbers of non-immigrants entering and leaving the country.						X	X	

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Aviation; Maritime Affairs		Office of Aviation and Office of Maritime Affairs	Develops policy recommendations and approves policy programs concerning international aviation and maritime transportation.					X			
Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs		Bureau of Educa- tional and Cultural Affairs	Administers exchange programs for bringing persons from other countries to the United States for study, teaching, research, consultation and observation, and for sending carefully selected Americans abroad for similar purposes.						X		
Passport Office		Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs	Controls the travel of American citizens and nationals leaving and entering territory under U. S. jurisdiction.						X		
Visa Office		Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs	Issues visas and exit permits to aliens.						X X		

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Airport Development Program	Federal Airport Act, 1964 as amended; P.L. 88-280; 78 STAT 158; 49 USC 1101-1120; 50 USC 16220	Federal Aviation Administration	Provides financial aid to public agencies in the planning, acquisition, and development of public airports and heliports.					X			
Bureau of Public Roads		Office of Information	Publishes annual data on travel, mileage, motor vehicles.						X		
Coast Guard Marine, Harbor, and Waterfront Services	5 USC 552; 14 USCA 81-90; 14 USC 2	Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard	Enforces vessel inspection laws and protects humans, fish, and wildlife from water pollution and contamination. Support for recreational boating.	X			X				
Development Highways and Access Roads for the Appalachian Region	Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965; P.L. 89-4; 79 STAT 5 as amended by P.L. 89-670, Sec. 8(b)	Appalachian Regional Commission OR Economic Development Assistance OR Department of Commerce, Bureau of Public Roads	Provides financial assistance for a highway system in the Appalachian region and local access roads which will serve specific recreational interests.				X				
Economics and Systems Analysis		Office of Economics and Systems Analysis	Provides information and study grants on the economic, social and related impacts of transportation improvements.					X			
Environmental Impact		Office of Environmental Impact	Provides information on the environmental impacts of transportation improvements.					X			

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
High-Speed Ground Transportation	High-Speed Ground Transportation Study Act; P.L. 89-220; 79 STAT 593	Department of Transportation	Sponsors research to develop a high-speed national ground transportation system.					X			
Highway Beautification	Highway Beautification Act of 1965; P.L. 89-285; 79 STAT 1028; Sections 131, 136, & 319, Title 23, USC as amended by the Federal-aid Highway Act of 1966, P.L. 89-574; 50 STAT 766	Bureau of Public Roads	Provides financial assistance to state highway departments for the purpose of beautifying highways and communities.	X				X			
Highway Planning and Construction	Title 23, USC "Highways" as amended by Federal-aid Highway Act of 1966; P.L. 89-574; 80 STAT 766	Bureau of Public Roads	Provides financial assistance for the construction of the Interstate Highway System, and for building or improving primary and secondary roads and streets				X				
Highway Studies	23 USC 307	Federal Highway Administration	Provides funds for planning and research of Federal-aid highway programs.				X				
Policy and International Affairs	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Subtitle A.	Office of Policy and International Affairs	Formulates and reviews national and international transportation policies, objectives, and systems; responsible for programs to establish comprehensive transportation data and information system.				X	X			

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Urban Systems and Environment	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Subtitle A	Office of Urban Systems and Environment	Coordinates policies, programs, and resources of the Department's urban transport program.			X		X			
Office of Facilitation	NA	Office of Facilitation	Investigates problems in transport system and those associated with the facilitation in movement of passengers and cargo.					X	X		

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Bureau of Customs		Department of the Treasury	Has a wide range of responsibilities related to the movement of carriers, goods and persons, including registry, enrollment, and licensing of vessels, entrance and clearance of vessels in the territorial waters of the United States.					X		X	
Internal Revenue Service	Sec. 6108, Internal Revenue Code	Statistics Division, Wealth Statistics Staff	Provides annual "Statistics of Income" -- advertising expenditures for transportation industry.					X			

APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Appalachian Regional Development	40 USC Appendix A 101-108, 201-206, 211-214, 221-224, 301-304, 401-405, Appa- lachian Regional Development Act 1965, P.L. 89-4; 79 STAT 5	Appalachian Regional Commission	Establishes activities which will foster the growth and development of the Appalachian Region including recreation development and access roads.		X						

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Civil Aeronautics Board		1825 Connecticut Avenue, N. W.	Regulates U. S. scheduled and supplemental air carriers, and encourages and develops U.S. civil aviation. Also provides data for travel on mileage, air carriers.					X	X		

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Federal Maritime Commission	46 USC 821, Shipping Act, 1916, as amended	Federal Maritime Commission	Administers statutes regulating common carriers; investigates and can correct rates or practices not in interest to the commerce of the United States.					X	X		

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Beautification of Hydroelectric Projects	Federal Power Act; 16 USC 792-825N	Office of Public Information	Sees to it that scenic beauty is considered when deciding on non-Federal hydroelectric projects on navigable waters.	X	X						
Fish Protection	Federal Power Act; 16 USC 792-825a	Office of Public Information	Requires non-Federal hydroelectric projects to safeguard the fish resources of affected streams.	X							
Forestry, Tree Planting	Same as above	Same as above	Requires non-Federal hydroelectric projects to clear trees from project lands or plant trees on project lands.	X							
Recreation Resource Development	Same as above	Same as above	Assures that adequate outdoor recreational resources are developed at all licensed hydroelectric projects.	X	X						
Water Conservation Assistance	Same as above	Same as above	Attempts to conserve the navigation and water resources of a region.	X							
Water Pollution Assistance	Same as above	Same as above	May require non-Federal hydroelectric project licensees to improve water quality downstream.	X							

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Water Resources Development	Federal Power Act; 16 USC 792-825a	Office of Public Information	Attempts to conserve and develop the nation's water resources and may condition licenses for navigation, recreation, scenic beauty, and fish and wildlife.	X	X						

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property	Federal Property and Administration Services Act of 1949; P.L. 81-152; 63 STAT 377; 5 USC 124-132 note, 133y-lb note, 630-630h; 40 USC 471-475, 481, 483, 484-92; 41 USC5, 251-255, 257-260; 44 USC 391; 50 USC 1622, 1641	Property Management and Disposal Service	Offers to state and local governments property that can be used for public parks or recreation use before it is placed on sale on the open market.	X	X						

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Federal-State Highway Transpor- tation Cooperative Economic Law Enforcement Agreements	P.L. 89-170 (Section1); 49 USC 305f	Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission	Makes agreements between the states and the Federal Govern- ment in the enforcement of economic laws concerning highway transportation, and gives data on domestic water and rail carriers.					X	X		

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND HUMANITIES

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
National Endowment for the Arts	20 USC 961-3, P.L. 89-209	National Endowment for the Arts	Provides grants to foster programs in the arts, and foster public awareness of the arts -- may include facilities.								X
National Endowment for the Humanities	Same as above	National Endowment for the Humanities	Provides grants to foster programs in the humanities and foster public awareness of the humanities.								X

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Small Business Administration	15 USC Small Business Act as amended; also Equal Opportunity Act of 1964 as amended Secs. 401, 402, 406 and 407	Small Business Administration	Makes loans to small business firms operated for a profit, including recreational or amusement facilities; provides technical assistance; lease guarantees.			X					

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Research and Scholarship, National Collections, Education of the Public	5 USC 3109; 5901-5902	Smithsonian Institution	Maintains public exhibits, conducts research, presents performances in the American arts and crafts, has education programs, and participates in the exchange of scientific information major tourist attraction.								X

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N. R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Forestry, Fish and Wildlife - Tennessee Valley Region	TVA Act of 1933 as amended; 48 STAT 58; 16 USC 831 et. seq.	Director of Forestry Development, TVA, Norris, Tennessee	Protects, develops and utilizes the forest, fish and wildlife resources of the Tennessee Valley region. There is no direct financial grants or matching funds.	X							
Navigation Development and Waterway Transportation -- Tennessee River Basin	Same as above	Director of Navigation Development, TVA, Knoxville, Tennessee	Provides for the navigation development of the Tennessee River Basin. Does not offer grants or matching funds.	X							
Recreation Development -- Tennessee River Basin	Same as above	Director of Reservoir Properties, TVA, Knoxville, Tennessee	Spots opportunities to promote the expansion of recreation programs sponsored by state and local agencies among others. Does not offer grants or matching funds.	X				X			
Topographic and Navigation Maps - Tennessee Valley Basin	Same as above	Maps and Surveys Branch, TVA, Chattanooga, Tennessee	Prepares topographic, planimetrics, and navigational maps, and maintains a map library. Does not offer grants or matching funds.						X	X	
Water Quality Control -- Tennessee River Basin	Same as above	Director of Health and Safety, TVA, Chattanooga, Tennessee	Conducts studies to identify and evaluate the interdependence of water resource development and water quality. Limited financial aid is available in a few special situations.	X							

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Media Services	Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act 75 STAT 527; U.S. Information and Educational Exchange Act, as amended 22 USC 1431 et. <u>seq.</u>	United States Information Agency	Provides information overseas through the press, publications, motion pictures, television, broadcasting, and information centers to influence public attitudes abroad to achieve U.S. policy objectives.							X	

WATER RESOURCES COUNCIL

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Water Resources Planning	Water Resources Planning Act, P.L. 89-80; 79 STAT 244; 42 USC 1962 d-1	Executive Director, Water Resources Council	Gives grants to states for water and related land resources planning.	X	X						

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments	Act of August 21, 1935 (49 STAT. 667; 16 U.S.C. 463)		Advises on matters relating to national parks and other items covered by the act upon request of the Secretary of the Interior. It may also recommend policies pertaining to national parks and to restoration, reconstruction, conservation, and general administration of archaeological sites and historic sites, buildings, and properties.	X	X	X					
Advisory Committee on the Arts	Act of September 21, 1961 (75 STAT. 532; 22 U.S.C. 2456)		Advises and assists the U.S. Advisory Commission on International Educational and Cultural Affairs, the President, and other officers of the Government in the conduct of programs in the field of international education exchange and cultural presentations with special reference to the role of the arts in such fields and other international activities concerned with the arts.								X

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	Act of October 15, 1966, (80 STAT. 915; 16 U.S.C. 470-470M.)		It is charged with the following responsibilities in the field of historic preservation; advising the President and the Congress, recommending measures to coordinate both governmental and private activities, and advising on the dissemination of information; encouraging public interest and participation; recommending the conduct of appropriate special studies advising in the preparation of legislation; and encouraging specialized training and education.				X				
American Revolution Bicentennial Commission	Act of July 4, 1966 (80 STAT. 259)		Richard W. Barrett is to prepare an overall program for commemorating the bicentennial of the American Revolution, and to plan, encourage, develop, and coordinate observances and activities commemorating the historic events that preceded, and are associated with, the American Revolution.				X				X

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Citizens' Advisory Committee on Environmental Quality	Executive Order 11472 of May 29, 1969.		<p>Advises the President and the Environmental Quality Council on matters affecting environmental quality, including (1) the correlation of environmental quality considerations with other factors in Federal policies and programs, (2) stimulation of public and private participation in programs to protect against pollution of the Nation's air, water, land, and living resources (3) cooperation between the Federal Government, State and local governments, and private organizations in environmental programs, (4) the effects of new and changing technologies on the environment, (5) outdoor recreation, and the beautification of our Nation's cities and countryside.</p>	X	X	X					

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Delaware River Basin Commission			Responsible for the development of recreational facilities in the Delaware River Basin area		X						
Environmental Quality Council	Executive Order 11472 of May 29, 1969		Advises and assists the President with respect to environmental quality matters. It reviews plans and programs and recommends measures to insure that the Federal policies and programs including those for the development and conservation of natural resources take adequate account of environmental effects; conducts studies and makes recommendations to the President on matters of policy in the fields of outdoor recreation and natural beauty; fosters cooperation between the Government, State and local governments, and private organizations in the environmental programs; strengthens public and private participation in the programs and activities to protect against the pollution of air, water, land and its living resources; and reviews the adequacy of existing systems for monitoring and predicting the environmental changes.	X	X	X					

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Reg.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Federal Advisory Council on Regional Economic Development	Executive Order 11386 of December 28, 1967		Promotes coordination of activities of the Federal Government relating to regional economic development, and provides coordination, guidance, and review for the regional commissions.		X	X					
Federal Field Committee for Development Planning in Alaska	Executive Order 11182 of October 2, 1964, amended by Executive Orders 11382 and 11386.		Principal instrumentality for developing coordinated plans for Federal programs which contribute to the economic and resources development in Alaska and for recommending appropriate action by the Federal Government to carry out such plans.		X	X					
Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission	Joint Resolution of August 11, 1955 (69 STAT. 694)		Established to consider and formulate plans for the construction of a permanent memorial to Franklin Delano Roosevelt in the city of Washington, D.C.					X			

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Indian Arts and Crafts Board	Act of August 7, 1935, (49 STAT. 891; 25 USC 305)		Serves Indians, Eskimos, and the general public as an informational, promotional, and advisory clearinghouse for all matters pertaining to the development of authentic Indian and Eskimo arts and crafts; promotes the artistic and cultural achievements of Indian and Eskimo artists and craftsmen; endeavors to provide the stimulation necessary to broaden markets for economic benefit to Indians and Eskimos.								X
Interagency Committee on International Athletics	Executive Order 11117 of August 13, 1963		Collects, exchanges, and reviews information concerning amateur athletic matters that might tend to affect the foreign relations or general welfare of the United States.								X
Interagency Council on International Educational and Cultural Affairs	Section 106(d) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (75 STAT. 527; 49 USC 2451)		Strengthens coordination among U. S. Government agencies engaged in international educational and cultural activities and stimulates communication and exchange of information between private organizations and Government agencies engaged in such activities.								X

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Lewis and Clark Trail Commission	Act of October 6, 1964, as amended (78 STAT. 1005; 80 STAT. 229)		Promotes historic and recreational development along the trail and solicit cooperation from States, Federal agencies, private organizations, and others.	X			X				
Marine Corps Memorial Commission	Act of August 4, 1946 (61 STAT. 724)		Considers and formulates plans for the erection upon a suitable site in Chicago, Illinois, of a U.S. Marine memorial.				X				
National Council on Indian Opportunity	Executive Order 11399 of March, 1968		Encourages and coordinates the use of Federal programs to benefit the American Indian population. It is also responsible for appraising the impact and progress of such programs and suggesting ways to improve them to fit the needs and desires of the Indian population.								X
National Park Foundation	Act of December 18, 1967 (81 STAT. 656; 16 USC 19e-19n)		Accepts and administers gifts of any nature for the benefit of or in connection with the National Park Service, its activities or its services, thereby furthering the conservation of natural, scenic, historic, scientific, educational, inspirational, or recreational resources for future generations of Americans.	X X							

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N. R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
National Review Board for the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West	United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended (62 STAT. 11; 22 USC 1471) and Mutual Security Act of 1960 (74 STAT. 141; 22 USC 2054)		Represents the national interest by reviewing the programs and operations of the East-West Center in Honolulu and gives advice and guidance to the Department of State in the field of international education, thus helping promote better relations and understanding between the United States and nations of Asia and the Pacific.								X
National Visitors Center Study Commission			Submitted its report, September, 1967					X			
National Visitor Facilities Advisory Commission	Act of March 12, 1968 (82 STAT. 45; 40 USC 821)		Conducts a continuing review of the National Capital Visitor Center and investigates and studies plans and sites to provide additional facilities and services for visitors and students coming to the Nation's Capital.			X		X			
Regional Economic Development Commissions	Title V of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (79 STAT. 552; 42 USC 3121)	Coastal Plains Regional Com- mission; Four Corners Regional Commission, New England Regional Commission, Ozarks Regional Commission, Upper Great Lakes Regional Commission	Promotes and develops regional economic development including tourism through grants-in-aid, technical assistance, and funds for demonstration projects.		X	X					

OTHER REGIONAL COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND COUNCILS

PROGRAM TITLE	LEGISLATION	WHO TO CONTACT	NATURE AND PURPOSE	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Tran.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
United States Advisory Commission on Information	Act of January 7, 1948 (62 STAT. 10; 22 USC 1466)		Transmits a quarterly report to Director and an annual report to Congress of all programs and activities carried on under the authority of this act, including appraisals where feasible, as to the effectiveness of the programs.							X	
United States Advisory Commission on International Education and Cultural Affairs	Act of September 21, 1961 (75 STAT. 532; 22 USC 2456)		Formulates and recommends to the President policies for exercising his authority under this act, to appraise the effec- tiveness of programs carried out pursuant to it, and reports thereon to the Congress and the public in the United States and abroad to develop a better under- standing of and support for the programs authorized by this act.								X
United States Territorial Expansion Memorial Commission	Act of June 15, 1934 (48 STAT. 968)		Formulates plans for constructing a permanent memorial on the Mississippi River, at St. Louis, Missouri, to the men who made possible the territorial expan- sion of the United States.				X				

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY TABLES

TABLE 1: Summary of Programs in Executive
Departments - by Classification

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u>	<u>Cult.</u>
<u>Department of Agriculture</u>								
Agricultural Conservation Program	X							
Cooperative Agriculture and Forestry Research Program	X							
Cooperative Extension Service Educational Assistance		X						
Cropland Adjustment Program	X	X						
Cropland Conversion Program	X	X						
Farm Ownership Loans		X						
Financial Assistance to Small Towns and Rural Groups	X	X						
Forest Research	X							
Forest Service Cooperative State and Private Programs	X							
Land Stabilization, Conservation and Erosion Control in Appalachia	X							
Loans for Forestry Purposes	X							
Loans for Recreation Purposes	X	X						
Multiple-Purpose Watershed Projects	X	X						
Payments to States with National Forests	X							
Resource Conservation and Development Projects	X	X						
Rural Renewal Loans		X						

TABLE 1 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u>	<u>Cult.</u>
<u>Department of Commerce</u>								
Bureau of International Commerce						X		
Census Data						X		
Contributions, education and cultural exchange (Trust Fund)							X	
Development of Ports					X			
Grants and Loans for Public Works and Development Facilities			X	X				
International Activities							X	
Nautical Charts and Related Data		X			X	X		
Office of Business Economics						X		
Office of Field Services							X	
Overseas Travel Information Offices							X	
Participation in U.S. Exposition (Inter-American Cultural and Trade Center)							X	
Promotion of International Travel-Marketing							X	
Research and Analysis						X	X	
Technical and Advisory Services		X						
Visitor Service Division							X	
<u>Department of Defense</u>								
Beach Erosion Control		X	X					
Community Economic Adjustment Program			X	X				
Limited Water Resources Development Projects		X						

TABLE 1 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Military Support of Community Projects		X	X					
Navigation in Rivers and Harbors	X	X			X			
Recreation Facilities at Federal Water Resource Projects	X	X						
Surplus Federal Equipment for Playground and Recreational Purposes			X					
Water Resources Investigation	X	X				X		
<u>Department of Health, Education and Welfare</u>								
Air Pollution Control		X						
Development of Recreation Facilities and Equipment (Recreation)			X					
Office of Education		X						
<u>Department of Housing and Urban Development</u>								
Advance for Public Works Planning		X	X	X				
Comprehensive Planning Assistance			X					
Historic Preservation Grants			X	X				
Open Space Land		X	X	X				
Supplementary Grants for Planned Metropolitan Development		X	X	X	X			
Urban Beautification		X	X					
Urban Mass Transportation			X		X			

TABLE 1 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Urban Mass Transportation Demonstration Grants			X		X			
Urban Renewal Projects			X	X				
<u>Department of the Interior</u>								
American Indian - Construction of Reservation Roads and Bridges					X			
Anadromous Fish Management	X	X						
Animal Damage Control	X	X						
Appalachian Region - Mining Area Restoration	X							
Farm Fish Pond Management	X	X						
Historic American Buildings Survey				X				
Historic Preservation			X	X				
National Park Service	X	X						
Outdoor Recreation Financial Assistance	X	X						
Outdoor Recreation Technical Assistance	X	X						
Park Planning - Technical Assistance		X		X				
Real Property for Public Parks, Public Recreational Areas, and Public Purposes	X	X						
Real Property for Residential, Commercial, Agricultural, Industrial or Public Uses or Development			X	X				
Solid Waste Disposal	X							
Sport Fish Management	X	X						
Water Pollution Control	X							

TABLE 1 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Water Resources Investigation and Small Reclamation Project Loans	X	X						
Wildlife Management	X							
<u>Department of Justice</u>								
Equal Enjoyment of Public Accommodations								X
Immigration and Naturalization Service						X	X	
<u>Department of State</u>								
Aviation; Maritime Affairs					X			
Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs								X
Passport Office								X
Visa Office						X	X	
<u>Department of Transportation</u>								
Airport Development Program					X			
Bureau of Public Roads						X		
Coast Guard Marine, Harbor, and Waterfront Services	X				X			
Development Highways and Access Roads for the Appalachian Region						X		
Economics and Systems Analysis					X			
Environmental Impact					X			
High-Speed Ground Transportation					X			
Highway Beautification		X			X			
Highway Planning and Construction					X			

TABLE 1 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Highway Studies					X			
Policy and International Affairs					X	X		
Urban System and Environment			X		X			
<u>Department of the Treasury</u>								
Bureau of Customs					X		X	
Internal Revenue Service						X		

TABLE 2: Summary of Programs in Independent Agencies - by Classification

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>						
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u>
<u>Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments</u>	X	X		X			
<u>Advisory Committee on the Arts</u>							X
<u>Advisory Council on Historic Preservation</u>				X			
<u>American Revolution Bicentennial Commission</u>				X			X
<u>Appalachian Regional Commission</u>							
<u>Appalachian Regional Development</u>		X					
<u>Citizens' Advisory Committee on Environmental Quality</u>	X	X	X				
<u>Civil Aeronautics Board</u>					X	X	
<u>Delaware River Basin Commission</u>		X					
<u>Environmental Quality Council</u>	X	X	X				
<u>Federal Advisory Council on Regional Economic Development</u>		X	X				
<u>Federal Field Committee for Development Planning in Alaska</u>		X	X				
<u>Federal Maritime Commission</u>					X	X	
<u>Federal Power Commission</u>							
<u>Beautification of Hydroelectric Projects</u>	X	X					
<u>Fish Protection</u>	X						
<u>Forestry, Tree Planting</u>	X						
<u>Recreation Resource Development</u>	X	X					
<u>Water Conservation Assistance</u>	X						

TABLE 2 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u>	<u>Cult.</u>
Water Pollution Assistance	X							
Water Resources Development	X	X						
<u>Franklin Delano Roosevelt</u> <u>Memorial Commission</u>				X				
<u>General Services Administration</u>								
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property	X	X						
<u>Indian Arts and Crafts Board</u>								X
<u>Interagency Committee on</u> <u>International Athletics</u>								X
<u>Interagency Council on Inter-</u> <u>national Educational and</u> <u>Cultural Affairs</u>								X
<u>Interstate Commerce Commission</u>								
Federal-State Highway Transpor- tation Cooperative Economic Law Enforcement Agreements					X	X		
<u>Lewis and Clark Trail Commission</u>		X		X				
<u>Marine Corps Memorial Commission</u>				X				
<u>National Council on Indian</u> <u>Opportunity</u>								X
<u>National Foundation on the Arts</u> <u>and Humanities</u>								
National Endowment for the Arts								X
National Endowment for the Humanities								X
<u>National Park Foundation</u>	X	X						
<u>National Review Board for the</u> <u>Center for Cultural and Technical</u> <u>Interchange Between East and West</u>								X

TABLE 2 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>						
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u> <u>Cult.</u>
<u>National Visitors Center</u> <u>Study Commission</u>							X
<u>National Visitor Facilities</u> <u>Advisory Commission</u>			X			X	X
<u>Regional Economic Development</u> <u>Commissions</u>		X	X				
<u>Small Business Administration</u>			X				
<u>Smithsonian Institution</u> Research and Scholarship, National Collections, Education of the Public							X
<u>Tennessee Valley Authority</u> Forestry, Fish and Wildlife - Tennessee Valley Region		X					
Navigation Development and Waterway Transportation - Tennessee River Basin		X	X				
Recreation Development - Tennessee River Basin		X			X		
Water Quality Control - Tennessee River Basin		X					
Topographic and Navigation Maps - Tennessee Valley Basin					X	X	
<u>United States Advisory</u> <u>Commission on Information</u>							X
<u>United States Advisory Commission</u> <u>on International Educational and</u> <u>Cultural Affairs</u>							X
<u>United States Information Agency</u> Media Services							X

TABLE 2 (Continued)

<u>PROGRAM</u>	<u>CATEGORY</u>							
	<u>N.R.</u>	<u>Rec.</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Hist.</u>	<u>Trans.</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Trav.</u>	<u>Cult.</u>
<u>United States Territorial</u> <u>Expansion Memorial</u> <u>Commission</u>					X			
<u>Water Resources Council</u>	X	X						

TABLE 3: Summary of Executive Departments
Reviewed for Their Contribution to
the Development of Travel, Tourism
and Recreation in the United States

Department or Agency	Programs	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Department of Agriculture	(16)	13	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Commerce	(15)	0	3	1	0	2	5	8	0
Department of Defense	(8)	5	7	2	0	1	1	0	0
Department of Health, Education and Welfare	(3)	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Housing and Urban Development	(9)	0	4	9	5	3	0	0	0
Department of Interior	(18)	13	10	2	4	1	0	0	0
Department of Justice	(2)	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
Department of State	(4)	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0
Department of Transportation	(12)	1	1	1	0	11	2	0	0
Department of Treasury	(2)	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
TOTAL	(89)	33	36	15	9	20	11	14	0

Table #4: Summary of Independent Agencies and Commissions Reviewed for Their Contribution to the Development of Travel, Tourism and Recreation in the United States

Agency or Commission	Programs	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Advisory Bd. on National Parks	(1)	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Adv. Committee on the Arts	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Adv. Council on Hist. Preservation	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Am. Revolution Bicentennial Comm.	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Appalachian Regional Commission	(1)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Citizens' Adv. Comm. on Env. Q'lty.	(1)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Aeronautics Board	(1)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Delaware River Basin Commission	(1)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Environmental Quality Council	(1)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fed. Adv. Council on Reg. Ec. Dev.	(1)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fed. Field Comm. for Dev. Plan. in Alaska	(1)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fed. Maritime Commission	(1)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Federal Power Commission	(7)	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. D. Roosevelt Memorial Commission	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
General Services Administration	(1)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indian Arts & Crafts Board	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Int.-Ag. Comm. on Int'l Athletics	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Int.-Ag. Coun. on Int'l Ed. & Cu. Af.	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Interstate Commerce Commission	(1)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Lewis & Clark Trail Commission	(1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Marine Corps Memorial Commission	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Nat'l Coun. on Indian Opportunity	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Nat'l Found. on Arts & Humanities	(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Nat'l Park Foundation	(1)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nat'l Review Board	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Nat'l Visitors Center Study Comm.	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Nat'l Visitor Facil. Adv. Comm.	(1)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Reg. Econ. Dev. Commissions	(1)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Small Business Administration	(1)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Smithsonian Institution	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Tennessee Valley Authority	(5)	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0
U. S. Adv. Comm. on Information	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
U. S. Adv. Comm. on Int'l Ed. & Cu. Af.	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
U. S. Information Agency	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
U. S. Territorial Expan. Mem. Comm.	(1)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Water Resources Council	(1)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	(47)	17	16	7	7	5	5	4	11

TABLE 5: Total Federal Departments, Agencies and Commissions and their Programs Reviewed for Contribution to the Development of Travel, Tourism and Recreation in the United States, by Classification.

	Programs	N.R.	Rec.	City	Hist.	Trans.	Data	Trav.	Cult.
Executive Departments	(89)	33	36	15	9	20	11	14	0
Independent Agencies	(47)	17	16	7	7	5	5	4	11
Total	(136)	50	52	22	16	25	16	18	11

TABLE 6: Total Federal Departments, Agencies and Commissions and Programs Reviewed for Their Contribution to the Development of Travel, Tourism and Recreation in the United States.

	Organizations	Programs
Executive Departments	10	89
Independent Agencies	36	47
Total	46	136

TABLE 7: Approximate Ranking of Programs Reviewed by Purpose and Relatedness to Topic Area.

	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
Executive Departments	18	31	17	12	13
Independent Agencies	5	14	9	16	2
Total	23	45	26	28	15

- 1 Marginal
- 1.5 Marginal-indirect
- 2 Indirect or direct primary: visitor attractions
- 2.5 Direct primary: major visitor attractions
- 3 Direct: tourism facilitation, development or promotion

PENN STATE UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES



A000070942996